



DELHI WORLD PUBLIC SCHOOL RAJKOT

Annual Syllabus Breakup 2023-24

Class: 11-com

Subject: English

1st Term

Month	Topics
APRIL-MAY	Literature Reader: Portrait of a Lady - about a boy describing about his travel with his grand mother A Photograph Supplementary Reader The Summer of the Beautiful White Horse two brothers enjoying a horse ride
June-July	Literature Reader Portrait of a Lady (Revision) A Photograph (Revision) We're not afraid to die Supplementary Reader The Summer of the Beautiful WhiteHorse (Revision) The Address
August	Literature Reader: Discovering Tut Supplementary Reader Ranga's Marriage
September	Literature Reader: The Voice of the Rain Supplementary Reader Albert Einstein at School
2nd Term	
October	Literature Reader: The Ailing Planet Childhood
November	Supplementary Reader Mother's Day Literature Reader The Browning Version
December	Novel - The Canter ville Ghost- Ch.-1 to 3
January	Revision + Annual Exam
February	

Suggested Reading List For Class XI

1. Father Brown – G K Chesterton
2. Pay It Forward
3. Uncle Tom's cabin – Harriet Beecher Stowe
4. To kill a Mocking Bird – Harper Lee

5. Animal Farm – George Orwell
6. Nineteen eighty four-George Orwell
7. Short Story Collections By Indian Authors
8. Books by Jane Austen
9. Books by George Elliot
10. Books by Charlotte Bronte
11. Books by Emily Bronte
12. Pickwick Papers – Charles Dickens
13. The Diary of a Young Girl – Anne Frank
14. Three men in a Boat - Jerome K Jerome
15. My Family and Other Animals – Gerald Durrell
16. Rosie is my Relative – Gerald Durrell
17. One Flew Over the Cuckoo's Nest Other Books and Authors suggested:
 1. Satyajeeet Ray
 2. R K Narayan
 3. Sudha Murthy
 4. IsmatChughtai
 5. Vikas Swaroop
 6. APJ AbdulKalam
 7. Mark Twain
 8. Guy de Maupassant
 9. O'Henry

Subject: Accountancy

MONTHS	TOPICS	LEARNING OUTCOME
JUNE -JULY	<p>Introduction to Accounting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accounting- concept, meaning, as a source of information, objectives, advantages and limitations, types of accounting information; users of accounting information and their needs. Qualitative Characteristics of Accounting Information. Role of Accounting in Business. • Basic Accounting Terms- Entity, Business Transaction, Capital, Drawings. Liabilities (Non Current and Current). Assets (Non Current, Current); Expenditure (Capital and Revenue), Expense, Revenue, Income, Profit, Gain, Loss, Purchase, Sales, Goods, Stock, Debtor, Creditor, Voucher, Discount (Trade discount and Cash Discount) Theory Base of Accounting • Fundamental accounting assumptions: GAP: Concept • Basic accounting concept : Business Entity Money Measurement, Going Concern, Accounting Period, Cost Concept, Dual Aspect, Revenue Recognition, Matching, Full Disclosure, Consistency, Conservatism, Materiality and Objectivity • System of Accounting. Basis of Accounting: cash basis and accrual basis • Accounting Standards: Applicability in IndAS 	<p>After going through this Unit, the students will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe the meaning, significance, objectives, advantages and limitations of accounting in the modern economic environment with varied types of business and non-business economic entities. • Identify / recognise the individual(s) and entities that use accounting information for serving their needs of decision making. • Explain the various terms used in accounting and differentiate between different related terms like current and non-current, capital and revenue. • Give examples of terms like business transaction, liabilities, assets, expenditure and purchases. • explain that sales/purchases include both cash and credit sales/purchases relating to the accounting year • Differentiate among income, profits and gains. • State the meaning of fundamental accounting assumptions and their relevance in accounting. • Describe the meaning of accounting assumptions and the situation in which an assumption is applied during the accounting process. • Explain the meaning, applicability, objectives, advantages and limitations of accounting standards. • Appreciate that various accounting standards developed nationally and globally are in practice for bringing

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Goods and Services Tax (GST): Characteristics and Advantages. 	<p>parity in the accounting treatment of different items.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acknowledge the fact that recording of accounting transactions follows double entry system. • Explain the bases of recording accounting transaction and to appreciate that accrual basis is a better basis for depicting the correct financial position of an enterprise. • Explain the meaning, advantages and characteristic of GST..
<p>AUGUST- SEPTEMBER</p>	<p>Recording of Business Transactions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Voucher and Transactions: Source documents and Vouchers, Preparation of Vouchers, Accounting Equation Approach: Meaning and Analysis, Rules of Debit and Credit. • Recording of Transactions: Books of Original Entry- Journal • Special Purpose books: • Cash Book: Simple, cash book with bank column and petty cashbook • Purchases book • Sales book • Purchases return book • Sales return book • Journal proper Note: Including trade discount, freight and cartage expenses for simple GST calculation. • Ledger: Format, Posting from journal and subsidiary books, Balancing of accounts Bank Reconciliation Statement: • Need and preparation, Bank Reconciliation Statement Depreciation, Provisions and 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain the concept of accounting equation and appreciate that every transaction affects either both the sides of the equation or a positive effect on one item and a negative effect on another item on the same side of accounting equation. • Explain the effect of a transaction (increase or decrease) on the assets, liabilities, capital, revenue and expenses. • Appreciate that on the basis of source documents, accounting vouchers are prepared for recording transaction in the books of accounts. • Develop the understanding of recording of transactions in journal and the skill of calculating GST. • Explain the purpose of maintaining a Cash Book and develop the skill of preparing the format of different types of cash books and the method of recording cash transactions in Cash book. • Describe the method of recording transactions other than cash transactions as per their nature in different subsidiary books • Appreciate that at times bank

Reserves

- Depreciation: Meaning, Features, Need, Causes, factors
- Other similar terms: Depletion and Amortisation
- Methods of Depreciation: i. Straight Line Method (SLM) ii. Written Down Value Method (WDV) Note: Excluding change of method
- Difference between SLM and WDV; Advantages of SLM and WDV
- Method of recoding depreciation i. Charging to asset account ii. Creating provision for depreciation/accumulated depreciation account
- Treatment of disposal of asset
- Provisions, Reserves, Difference Between Provisions and Reserves.
- Types of Reserves: i. Revenue reserve ii. Capital reserve iii. General reserve iv. Specific reserve v. Secret Reserve
- Difference between capital and revenue reserve

balance as indicated by cash book is different from the bank balance as shown by the pass book / bank statement and to reconcile both the balances, bank reconciliation statement is prepared.

- Develop understanding of preparing bank reconciliation statement.
- Appreciate that for ascertaining the position of individual accounts, transactions are posted from subsidiary books and journal proper into the concerned accounts in the ledger and develop the skill of ledger posting.
- explain the necessity of providing depreciation and develop the skill of using different methods for computing depreciation.
- understand the accounting treatment of providing depreciation directly to the concerned asset account or by creating provision for depreciation account.
- appreciate the method of asset disposal through the concerned asset account or by preparing asset disposal account.
- appreciate the need for creating reserves and

OCTOBER- NOVEMBER	<p>. Financial Statements Meaning, objectives and importance; Revenue and Capital Receipts; Revenue and Capital Expenditure; Deferred Revenue expenditure. Opening journal entry. Trading and Profit and Loss Account: Gross Profit, Operating profit and Net profit. Preparation. Balance Sheet: need, grouping and marshalling of assets and liabilities. Preparation. Adjustments in preparation of financial statements with respect to closing stock, outstanding expenses, prepaid expenses, accrued income, income received in advance, depreciation, bad debts, provision for doubtful debts, provision for discount on debtors, Abnormal loss, Goods taken for personal use/staff welfare, interest on capital and managers commission. Preparation of Trading and Profit and Loss account and Balance Sheet of a sole proprietorship with adjustments.</p>	<p>After going through this Unit, the students will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • state the meaning of financial statements the • purpose of preparing financial statements. • state the meaning of gross profit, operating profit and net profit and develop the skill of preparing trading and profit and loss account. • explain the need for preparing balance sheet. • understand the technique of grouping and marshalling of assets and liabilities. • appreciate that there may be certain items other than those shown in trial balance which may need adjustments while preparing financial statements. • develop the understanding and skill to do adjustments for items and their presentation in financial statements like depreciation, closing stock, provisions, abnormal loss etc. • Develop the skill of preparation of trading and profit and loss account and balance sheet.
DEC - JAN	REVISION	
FEB	EXAMINATION	

Subject : Informatics Practices (065)

Month	Topic
1st Term	
April	Unit 2: Introduction to Python <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Basics of Python programming, Python interpreter - interactive and script mode, the structure of a program, indentation, identifiers, keywords, constants, variables, types of operators, precedence of operators, data types, mutable and immutable data types, statements, expressions, evaluation and comments, input and output statements, data type conversion, debugging.
June – July	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Control Statements: if-else, if-elif-else, while loop, for loop ✓ Lists: list operations - creating, initializing, traversing and manipulating lists, list methods and built-in functions – len(),list(),append(),insert(), count(),index(),remove(), pop(), reverse(), sort(), min(),max(),sum() ✓ Dictionary: concept of key-value pair, creating, initializing, traversing, updating and deleting elements, dictionary methods and built-in functions – dict(), len(), keys(), values(), items(), update(), del(), clear()
August	Unit 1: Introduction to Computer System <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Introduction to computer and computing: evolution of computing devices, components of a computer system and their interconnections, Input/output devices. ✓ Computer Memory: Units of memory, types of memory, data deletion, recovery. ✓ Software: purpose and types – system and application software, generic and specific purpose software.
September	Revision
2nd Term	
October	Unit 3: Database concepts & SQL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Database Concepts: Introduction to database concepts and its need, Database Management System. ✓ Relational data model: Concept of domain, tuple, relation, candidate key, primary key, alternate key ✓ Advantages of using Structured Query Language, Data Definition Language, Data Query Language and Data Manipulation Language, Introduction to MySQL, creating a database using MySQL, Data Types ✓ Data Definition: CREATE DATABASE, CREATE TABLE, DROP, ALTER ✓ Data Query: SELECT, FROM, WHERE with relational operators, BETWEEN, logical operators, IS NULL, IS NOT NULL ✓ Data Manipulation: INSERT, DELETE,UPDATE
November	Unit 4: Introduction to the Emerging Trends <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Natural Language Processing, Immersive experience (AR, VR), Robotics, Big data and its characteristics, Internet of Things (IoT), Sensors, Smart cities, Cloud Computing and Cloud Services (SaaS, IaaS, PaaS); Grid Computing, Block chain technology.
December	Revision

Subject: Physical Education

MONTH	Topics
1st Term	
July	Unit I Changing Trends & Career in Physical Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Concept, Aims & Objectives of Physical Education ● Changing Trends in Sports- playing surface, wearable gears and sports equipment, technological advancements ● Career Options in Physical Education ● Khelo -India and Fit-India Program Unit II Olympism <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Ancient and Modern Olympics ● Olympism – Concept and Olympics Values (Excellence, Friendship & Respect) ● Olympics - Symbols, Motto, Flag, Oath, and Anthem ● Olympic Movement Structure - IOC, NOC, IFS, Other members
August	Unit III Yoga <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Meaning & Importance of Yoga ● Introduction to Ashtanga Yoga ● Introduction to Yogic Kriyas (Shat Karma)
September	Unit IV Physical Education & Sports for CWSN (Children with Special Needs - Divyang) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Concept of Disability and Disorder ● Types of Disability, its causes & nature (Intellectual disability, Physical disability) ● Aim & Objective of Adaptive Physical Education ● Role of various professionals for children with special needs (Counsellor, Occupational Therapist, Physiotherapist, Physical Education Teacher, Speech Therapist & Special Educator) Unit V Physical Fitness, Health and Wellness <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Meaning and Importance of Wellness, Health and Physical Fitness ● Components/Dimensions of Wellness, Health and Physical Fitness ● Traditional Sports & Regional Games for promoting wellness
2nd Term	
October	Unit VI Test, Measurement & Evaluation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Concept of Test, Measurement & Evaluation in Physical Education & sports. ● Classification of Test in Physical Education and Sports.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Test administration guidelines in physical education and sports
November	<p>Unit VII Fundamentals of Anatomy, Physiology in Sports</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Definition and Importance of Anatomy and Physiology in exercise and sports ● Functions of Skeletal system, classification of bone and types of joints. ● Function and Structure of Circulatory system and heart. ● Function and Structure of Respiratory system. <p>Unit VIII Fundamentals of Kinesiology and Biomechanics in Sports</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Definition and Importance of Kinesiology and Biomechanics in sports ● Principles of Biomechanics ● Types of Body Movements - Flexion, Extension, Abduction, Adduction, Rotation, Circumduction, Supination & Pronation ● Axis and Planes – Concept and its application in body movements
December	<p>Unit IX Psychology & Sports</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Definition & Importance of Psychology in Physical Education & Sports ● Adolescent Problems & Their Management ● Team Cohesion and Sports
January	<p>Unit X Training and Doping in Sports</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Concept and Principles of Sports Training ● Training Load: Over Load, Adaptation, and Recovery ● Concept of Doping and its disadvantages

Subject: Economics

MONTH	Topics
1st term	
April-May	-
June – July	Statistics Ch 1: Introduction Ch 2: Collection of Data Micro Economics Ch 1: Economy, Central problems of Economy (Introduction)

August	Ch 2: Consumers Equilibrium Statistics Ch 3: Organization of Data Micro Economics Ch3: Theory of Demand Ch 4: Elasticity of Demand
September	Statistics Ch 4: Presentation of Data Micro Economics Ch 5 Product and Production Function

2nd Term

October	Statistics Ch 5: Measures of Central Tendency
November	Micro Economics Ch 6: Cost and Revenue Ch 7: Producers Equilibrium Statistics
December	Statistics Ch 6: Correlation Micro Economics Ch 8: Theory of Supply
15 th January	Statistics Ch 7 Index Numbers Ch 9: Forms of Market (perfect competition – price determination & simple application)
February	Revision + Annual Exam
March	-

Subject: Business Studies

Unit1: Evolution and Fundamentals of Business

JUNE

TOPICS	LEARNING OUTCOMES
History of Trade and Commerce in India: Indigenous Banking System, Rise of Intermediaries, Transport, Trading Communities: Merchant Corporations, Major Trade Centres, Major Imports and Exports, Position of Indian Sub-Continent In the World Economy.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To acquaint the History of Trade and Commerce in India

Business—meaning and characteristics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the meaning of business with special reference to economic and non-economic activities. • Discuss the characteristics of business.
Business, profession and employment-Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the concept of business, profession and employment. • Differentiate between business, profession and employment.
Objectives of business	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appreciate the economic and social objectives of business. • Examine the role of profit in business.
Classification of business activities-Industry and Commerce	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the broad categories of business activities- industry and commerce.
Industry-types: primary, secondary, tertiary Meaning and subgroups	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe the various types of industries.
Commerce-trade: (types-internal, external; wholesale and retail) and auxiliaries to trade; (banking, insurance, transportation, warehousing, communication, and advertising)—meaning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discuss the meaning of commerce, trade and auxiliaries to trade. • Discuss the meaning of different types of trade and auxiliaries to trade. • Examine the role of commerce-trade and auxiliaries to trade.
Business risk-Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the concept of risk as a special characteristic of business. • Examine the nature and causes of business risks.

Unit2:Forms of Business organizations

JULY

Sole Proprietorship-Concept, merits and limitations.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • List the different forms of business organizations and understand their meaning. • Identify and explain the concept, merits and limitations of Sole Proprietorship.
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<p>Partnership-Concept, types, merits and limitation of partnership, registration of a partnership firm, partnership deed. Types of partners</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify and explain the concept, merits and limitations of a Partnership firm. • Understand the types of partnership on the basis of duration and on the basis of liability. • State the need for registration of a partnership firm. • Discuss types of partners—active, sleeping, secret ,nominal and Partner by estoppels.
<p>Hindu Undivided Family Business: Concept</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the concept of Hindu Undivided Family Business.
<p>Co operative Societies-Concept, merits, and limitations.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify and explain the concept , merits and limitations of Cooperative Societies. • Understand the concept of consumers, producers, marketing, farmers, credit and housing cooperates.
<p>Company-Concept, merits and limitations; Types: Private, Public and One Person Company—Concept</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify and explain the concept, merits and limitations of private and public companies. • Understand the meaning of one person company. • Distinguish between a private company and a public company.
<p>Formation of company - stages, important documents to be used in formation of a company</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Highlight the stages in the formation of a company. • Discuss the important documents used in the various stages in the Formation of a company.
<p>Choice of form of business organization</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Distinguish between the various forms of business organizations. • Explain the factors that influence The choice of a suitable form of business organization.

Unit3: Public, Private and Global Enterprises

JULY

Public sector and private sector enterprises–Concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Develop an understanding of Public sector and private sector enterprises
Forms of public sector enterprises: Departmental Undertakings, Statutory Corporations and Government Company.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identify and explain the features, merits and limitations of different Forms of public sector enterprises
Global Enterprises–Feature. Public private partnership–concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Develop an understanding of global enterprises, public private partnership by studying their meaning and features.

Unit4: Business Services

AUGUST

Business services – meaning and types. Banking: Types of bank accounts -savings, current, recurring, fixed deposit and multiple option deposit account	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understand the meaning and types of business services.• Discuss the meaning and types of Business service Banking• Develop an understanding of difference types of bank account.
Banking services with particular reference to Bank Draft, Bank Over draft, Cash credit. E-Banking meaning, Types of digital payments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Develop an understanding of the different services provided by banks
Insurance–Principles. Types– life, health, fire and marine insurance – concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Recall the concept of insurance• Understand Utmost Good Faith, Insurable Interest, Indemnity, Contribution, Doctrine of Subrogation and CausaProxima as principles of insurance• Discuss the meaning of different types of insurance-life, health, fire, marine insurance.
Postal Service-Mail, Registered Post, Parcel, Speed Post, Courier-meaning	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understand the utility of different telecom services

Unit5: Emerging Modes of Business

AUGUST

E-business: concept, scope and benefits	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Give the meaning of e-business.• Discuss the scope of e-business.• Appreciate the benefits of e-business• Distinguish e-business from
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traditional business.

Unit6: Social Responsibility of Business and Business Ethics

SEPTEMBER

Concept of social responsibility	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State the concept of social responsibility.
Case of social responsibility	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Examine the case for social responsibility.
Responsibility towards owners, investors, consumers, employees, government and community.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identify the social responsibility towards different interest groups.
Role of business in environment protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Appreciate the role of business in environment protection.
Business Ethics-Concept and Elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State the concept of business ethics.• Describe the elements of business ethics.

Part B: Finance and Trade

Unit7: Sources of Business Finance

OCTOBER

Concept of business finance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State the meaning, nature and importance of business finance.
Owners' funds- equity shares, preferences share, retained earnings	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Classify the various sources of funds in to owners' funds.• State the meaning of owners' funds.
Borrowed funds: debentures and bonds, loan from financial institution and commercial banks, public deposits, trade credit, Inter Corporate Deposits(ICD).	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State the meaning of borrowed funds.• Discuss the concept of debentures, bonds, loans from financial institutions and commercial banks, Trade credit and inter corporate deposits.• Distinguish between owners' funds and borrowed funds.

Unit8: Small Business and Enterprises

OCTOBER

Entrepreneurship Development (ED): Concept, Characteristics and Need. Process of Entrepreneurship Development: Start-up India Scheme, ways to fund start-up. Intellectual Property Rights and Entrepreneurship	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understand the concept of Entrepreneurship Development(ED), Intellectual Property Rights
Small scale enterprise as defined by MSMED Act 2006 (Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understand the meaning of small business
Role of small business in India with special reference to rural areas	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Discuss the role of small business in India
Government schemes and agencies for small scale industries: National Small Industries Corporation (NSIC) and District Industrial Centre (DIC) with special reference to rural, backward areas	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Appreciate the various Government schemes and agencies for development of small scale industries. NSIC and DIC with special reference to rural, backward area.

Unit9: Internal Trade

NOVEMBER

Internal trade - meaning and types services rendered by a wholesaler and are tailer	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State the meaning and types of internal trade.• Appreciate the services of wholesalers and retailers.
Types of retail-trade-Itinerant and small scale fixed shops retailers	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Explain the different types of retail trade.
Large scale retailers-Departmental stores, chain stores-concept	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High light the distinctive features of departmental stores, chain stores and mail order business.
GST(Goods and Services Tax): Concept and key-features	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understand the concept of GST

Unit10: International Trade

NOVEMBER

International trade : concept and benefits	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understand the concept of international trade.• Describe the scope of international Trade to the nation and business firms.
Export trade–Meaning and procedure	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State the meaning and objectives of export trade.• Explain the important steps involved in executing export trade.
Import Trade-Meaning and procedure	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State the meaning and objectives Of import trade.
Documents involved in International Trade; indent, letter of credit, shipping order, shipping bills, mate’s receipt(DA/DP)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Develop an understanding of the various documents used in international trade.• Identify the specimen of the various documents used in international trade.• Highlight the importance of the documents needed in connection With international trade transactions

World Trade Organization (WTO) meaning and objectives

- State the meaning of World Trade Organization.
- Discuss the objectives of World Trade Organization in promoting international trade.

Subject: Hindi

वितान-१

प्रथम सत्र पाठ्यपुस्तक: आरोह-१

माह	पाठ्यक्रम
अप्रैल-मई	गर्ध : १ : प्रेमचंद - नमक का दारोगा
जून-जुलाई	गर्ध : २ : कृष्णा सोबती - मियाँ नसीरुद्दीन वितान : १ : पाठ : १ कुमार गंधर्व - लता मंगेशकर फीचर लेखन, संचार माध्यम
अगस्त	गर्ध : ४ : बालमुकुंद गुप्त - विदाई संभाषण संचार माध्यम, आलेख , पत्र लेखन वितान : १ : अनुपम मिश्र - राजस्थान की रजत बूँदे
सितम्बर	गर्ध : ५ : शेखर जोशी - गलता लोहा पर्ध : ५ : भवानी प्रसाद मिश्र - घर की याद

द्वितीय सत्र

अक्टूबर नवम्बर	गर्ध : ३ मन्नु भंडारी- रजनी पर्ध : ६ त्रिलोचन - चंपा काले काले अच्छर नहीं चीन्हती वितान : १ पाठ : ४ बेबी हालदार - आलो आँधारि
दिसम्बर	गर्ध : ८ कृश्नचंदर - जामुन का पेड गर्ध : ९ जवाहरलाल नहेरू - भारत - माता पर्ध : ७ दुष्यंत कुमार - गजल पर्ध : ८ अक्क महादेवी - १ हे भूख १ मत मचल २ हे मेरे जुही के फूल जैसे ईश्वर
जनवरी	पर्ध : ९ अवतार सिंह पाश - सबसे खतरनाक पर्ध : १० निर्मला पुतुल - आओ, मिलकर बचाएँ संचार माध्यम , निबंध लेखन , आदि पुनरावर्तन

Subject Teacher: _____

Subject In-charge: _____

Principal : _____